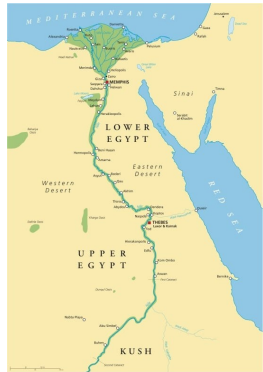


Chronology Historians place events in chronological context.	Questioning Historians ask and answer historical questions.	Change Historians explore change and describe its causes and consequences.	Sources Historians gather evidence from sources.
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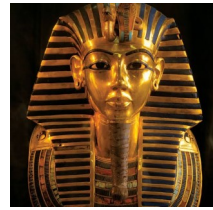
History – Ancient Egypt

What should I already know? Sources tell us about the past. There are different types of historical sources.

old things	books	recorded interviews	old buildings	word of mouth
elderly people	photos	artefacts	museums	old paintings



Tutankhamun was an ancient Egyptian pharaoh who ruled c. 1332 – 1323 BC during the late Eighteenth Dynasty of ancient Egypt. His tomb was discovered in 1922 and the artefacts discovered inside taught archeologists and Egyptologists a lot about life and death in Ancient Egypt.



What am I going to

Howard Carter 1874-1939

A British archaeologist and Egyptologist who discovered the tomb of Tutankhamun, the best-preserved tomb ever found in the Valley of the Kings.

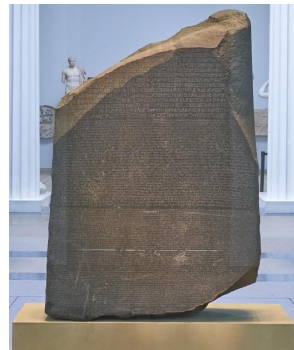
The Nile was Ancient Egypt's superhighway and was always busy with boats carrying people and goods back and forth to all the settlements along the banks of the river. It provided fertile soil for Egyptians to grow their crops.

Timeline

Stone Age (2800 BC)	Bronze Age (2800 BC)	Ancient Greece (800 BC)	Roman Empire (58 BC)	Maya (250 AD)	Anglo-Saxons (AD 410)
← Ancient Egypt →					
3100 BC Ancient Sumer (3100 BC)	Indus Valley (2500 BC)	Shang Dynasty (1650 BC)	Iron Age (700 BC)	Benin (AD 110)	Islamic Empire (AD 610)

Source

The Rosetta Stone is an ancient Egyptian stone bearing inscriptions in several languages and scripts.



Key Vocabulary	Definition
Pharaoh	The rulers of ancient Egypt were called pharaohs.
fertile	Producing lots of vegetation or crops.
amulets	A small object worn as a charm against evil.
mummified	A body prepared for burial by being embalmed or wrapped.
preserve	To prepare a body so that it will last a long time.
afterlife	The Ancient Egyptians believed in life after death.
canopic	Jars that were used during the mummification process.
natron	A salt mixture harvested from lake beds.
scarab	A popular amulet. The symbol of the Sun god Re.
sarcophagus	A decorated stone container used to bury rich or important people.

There are lots of physical artefacts from Ancient Egypt thanks to the discovery of tombs like Tutankhamun's.

